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Catheter Securement and Protection of the Exit Site

Fixation, Glue and Transparent Dressings

Roland van Rens, MaANP



Neonatal European Vascular Access Team



Introduction

Catheter securement and protection of the exit site of vascular access devices (VAD) is an essential part and one of “building-blocks” for safe and reliable neonatal vascular access.

Securement of catheters and protection of the exit site are key to prevent a number of complications.

How does catheter securement and site protection reduce and/or prevent complications.



COMPLICATIONS

1

INFECTION (CRBSI)

2

OCCLUSION

3

DISLODGEEMENT

4

PLEBITIS

5

INFILTRATION and EXTRAVASATION

6

LEAKAGE

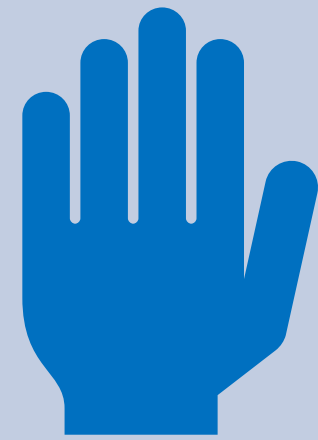
7

BLEEDING and OOZING



COMPLICATIONS **TOP 3**

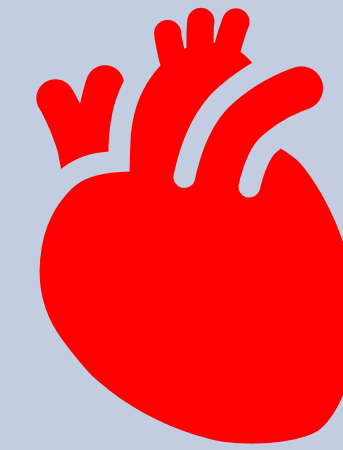
PERIPHERAL VENOUS ACCESS



55%*

1. Infiltration / Extravasation
2. Leaking
3. Phlebitis

CENTRAL VENOUS ACCESS



10%*

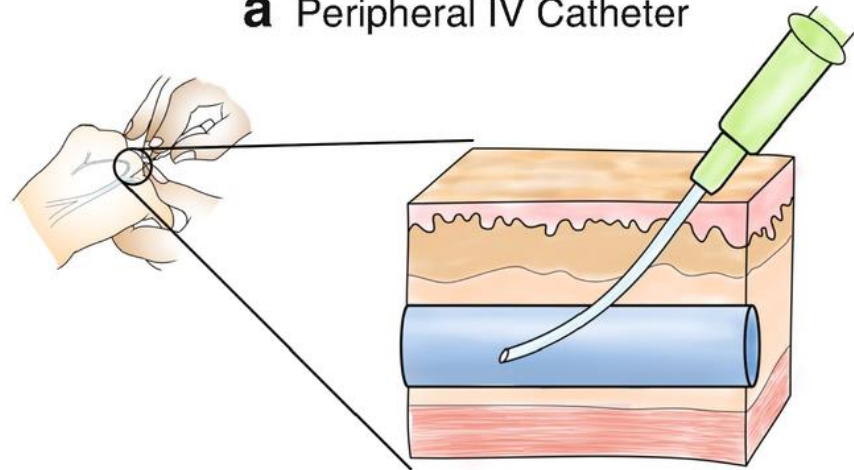
1. Occlusion
2. CLABSI (suspicion)
3. Phlebitis

* Pettit 2002 / 2003

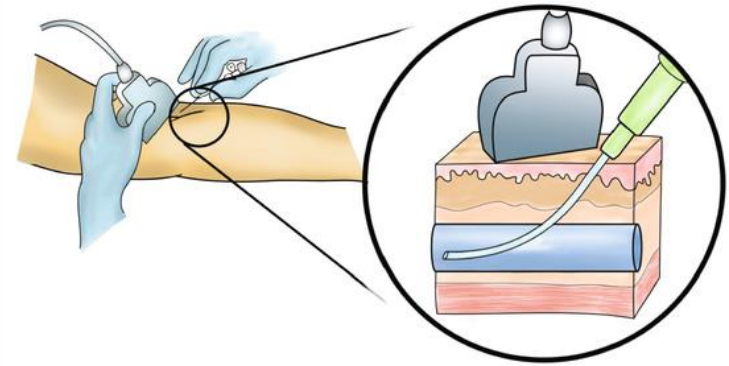
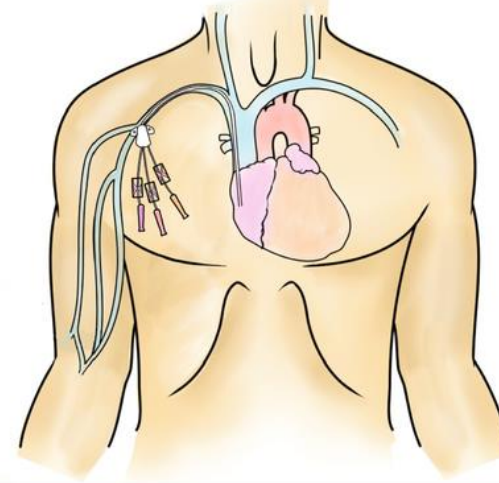
* van Rens 2022

PROTECTION

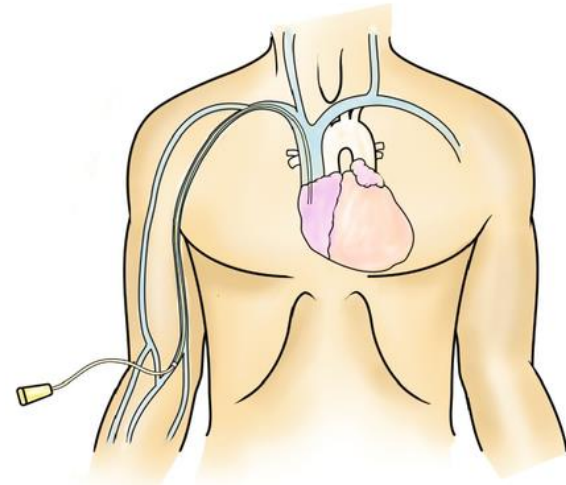
a Peripheral IV Catheter



d Non-Tunneled Central Venous Catheter

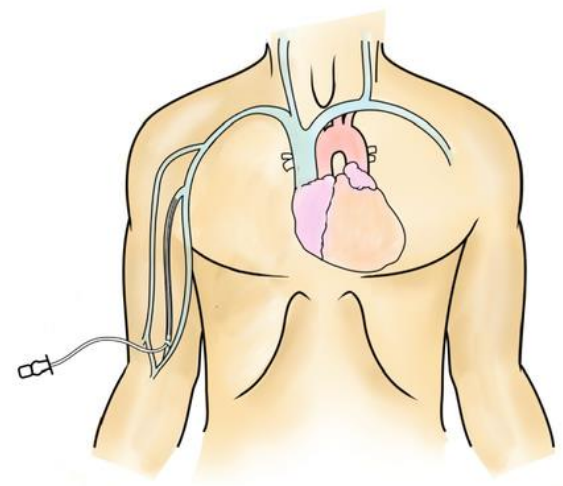
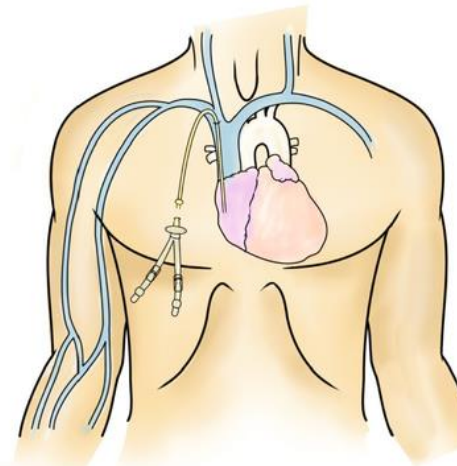


b US-Guided Peripheral IV Catheter

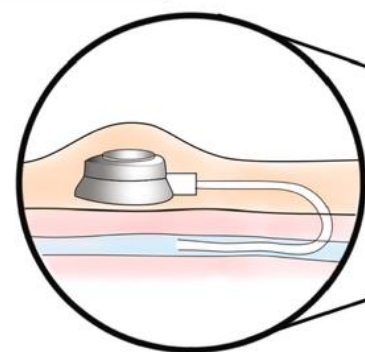


Peripherally Inserted
Central Catheter (PICC)

e Tunneled Central Venous Catheter



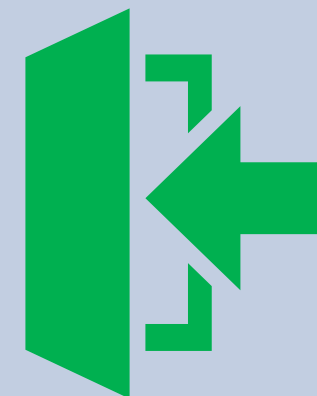
c Midline Catheter



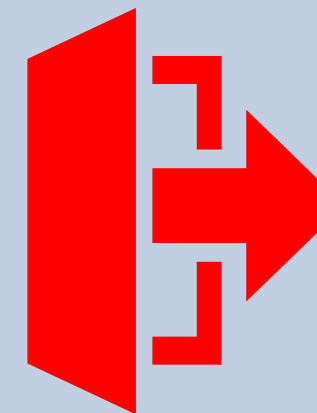
f Implanted Port



INSERTION SITE



ENTREE SITE

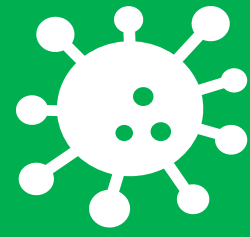


EXIT SITE

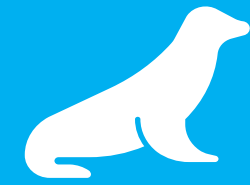
EXPECTATIONS OF PROTECTION



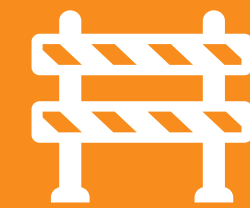
SECUREMENT



INFECTION PREVENTION



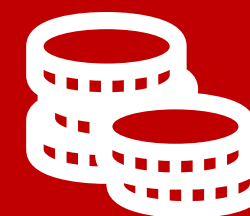
SEALING THE ENTREE SITE



STOP (RE)BLEEDING



NO DRESSING CHANGES



COST SAVING

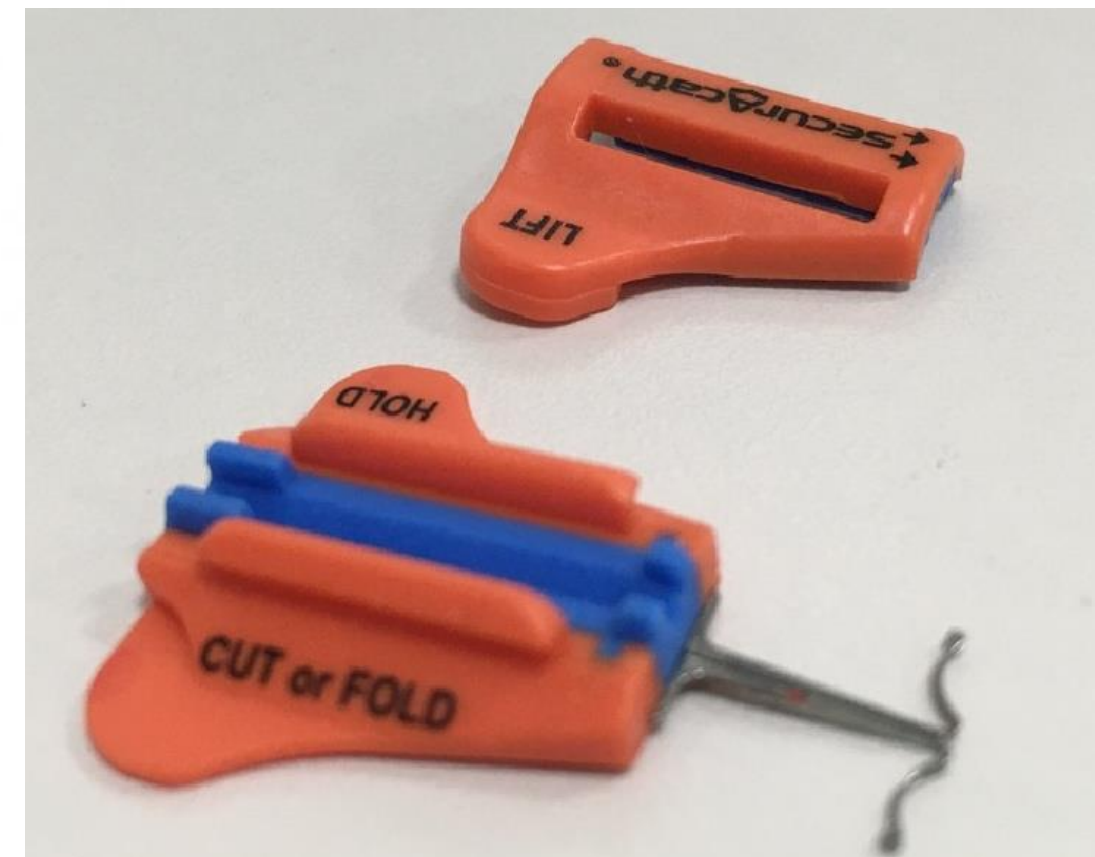


SUTURELESS FIXATION DEVICES

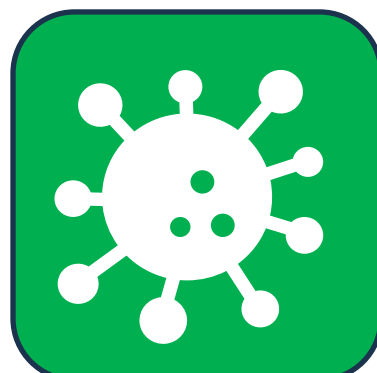


Grip lock

Clik-FIX®



SecurAcath®

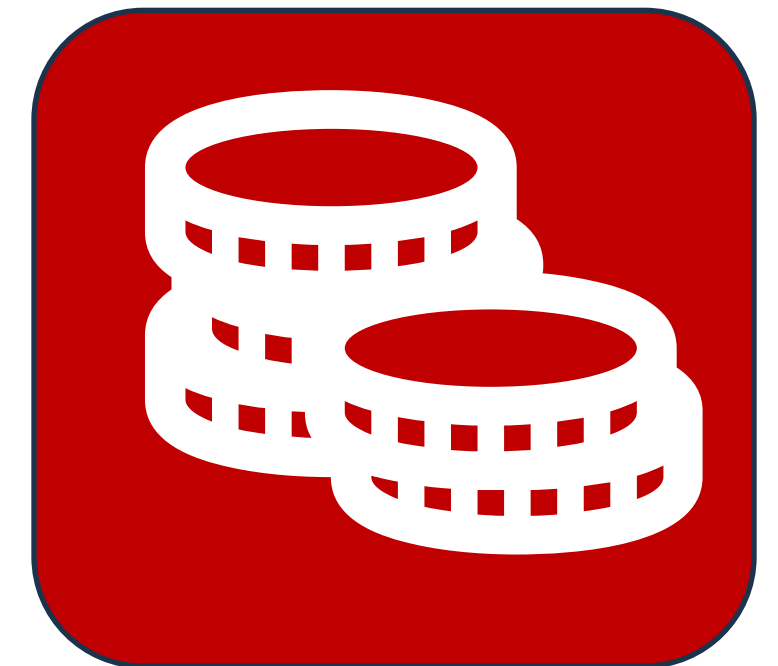
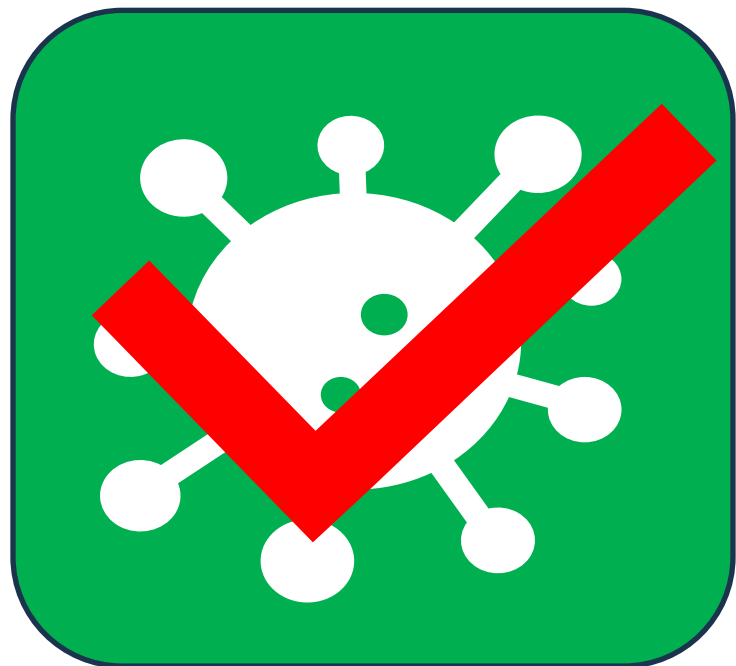
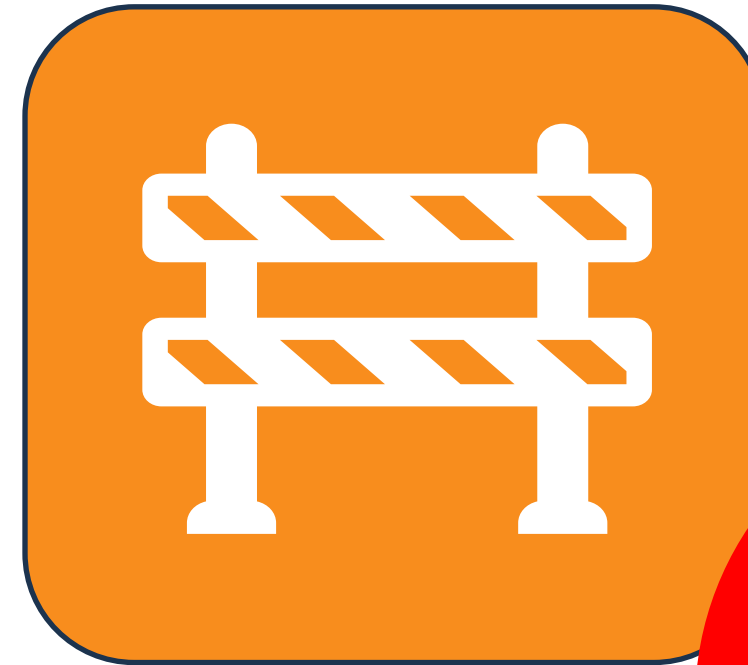


TRANSPARENT DRESSING



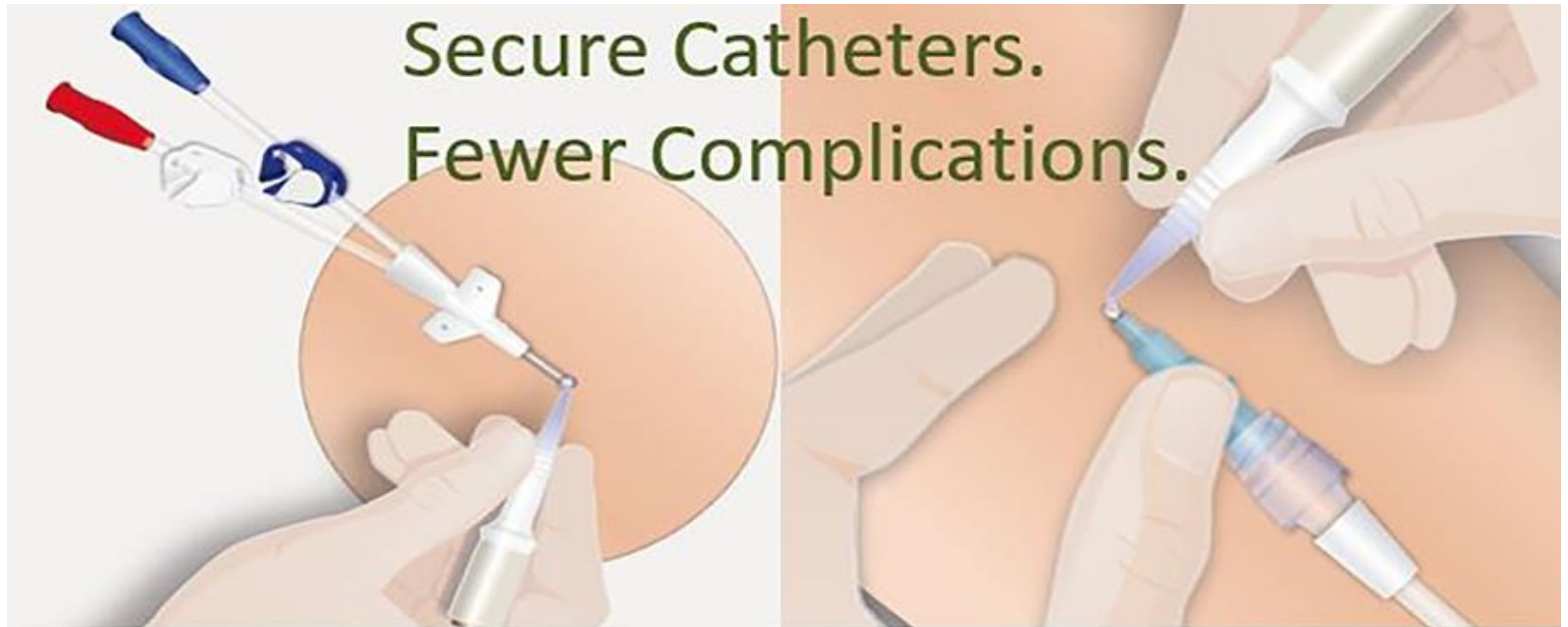


EXPECTATIONS OF PROTECTION



TISSUE ADHESIVE GLUE - SecurePortIV[®]

Cyanoacrylate adhesive



SECUREMENT WITH SPIV

✓		SECUREMENT
✓		INFECTION PREVENTION
✓		SEALING THE ENTREE SITE
✓		STOP (RE)BLEEDING
✓		NO DRESSING CHANGES
✓		COST SAVING



**"Without data, you're just
another person with an
opinion."**

W. Edwards Deming

Cyanoacrylate Securement in Neonatal

PICC Use (van Rens et al., 2021)

A 4-Year Observational Study

Positive impact toward infusion therapy in patients admitted in the NICU



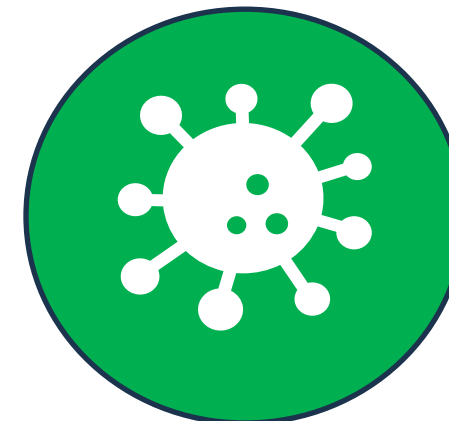
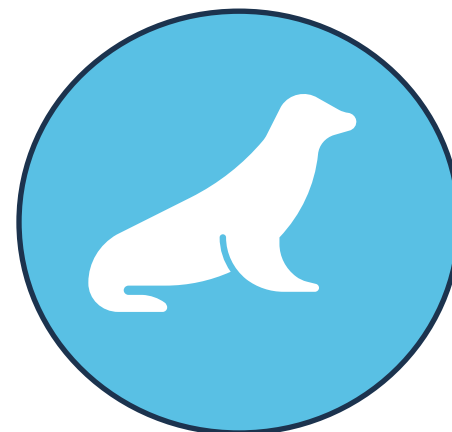
TA for VAD securement in NICU is effective & safe

INCLUDED 1,842 PICC

- **880 insertions prior to TA**
- **962 insertions after TA**

Overall therapy failure reduction of 58% in favor of the glue group

Significant (65%) CLABSI reduction in TA group



CLABSI rate decreased from 2.76 to 0.99/1000 catheter days

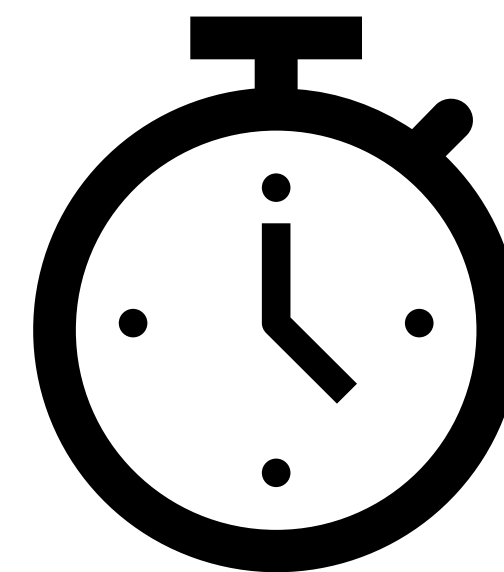
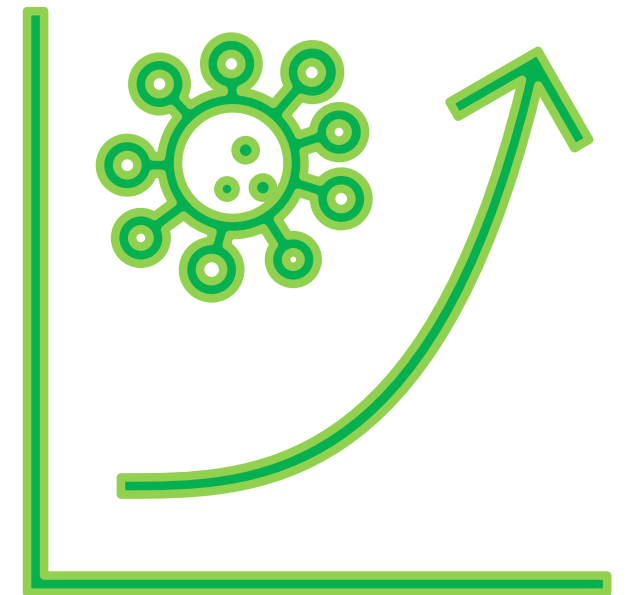
Octyl-butyl-cyanoacrylate glue for securement of peripheral intravenous catheters: A retrospective, observational study in the neonatal population

(van Rens et al., 2023)

**INCLUDED 8,330 n-SPC
inserted over 1 year:**

- 4457 insertions prior to TA
- 3873 insertions after TA

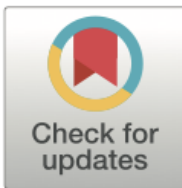
**Therapy
success
increased by
25%**



**In dwell
time
increased
by 20%**

**Phlebitis
rate
decreased
by 75%**





Securement of Umbilical Venous Catheter Using Cyanoacrylate Glue: A Randomized Controlled Trial (D'Andrea et al., 2023)

RCT 130 UVC:

- 65 UVC in TA group
- 65 UVC in controle group

Suture and cyanoacrylate glue significantly reduced dislodgement of the UVC



Late dislodgments (>48 hours) are not decreased by the use of glue

Tip migration is not decreased, periodic tip verification should be performed routinely.

Immobilization and Death of Bacteria by Flora Seal® Microbial

Daniel Prince¹, Kristah Kohan¹, Zankhna Solanki¹, Jozef Mastej¹, Derek Prince¹,
Remy Varughese¹ and Mahesh Patel²

AJIC

American Journal of Infection Control

MAJOR ARTICLE | VOLUME 46, ISSUE 1, P26-29, JANUARY 2018

Download Full Issue

<

Antibacterial effect and proposed mechanism of action of a topical surgical adhesive

Daniel Prince, PhD • Zankhna Solanki, MS • Remy Varughese, BS • Jozef Mastej, BS • Derek Prince, MS

Effective Immobilization of *Candida auris* by SecurePortIV®

A Potential Novel Regimen to Help Conquer a Global Health Threat Posed by the Multidrug-Resistant Pathogen, Candida auris.

Prepared by: Sheng Zhang, PhD, VP of R&D, Adhezion Biomedical, LLC, a subsidiary of H.B. Fuller.

🏠

Surgical Infections

>

Vol. 20, No. 6

Research Article |

🔒 NO ACCESS

 | Published Online: 14 August 2019

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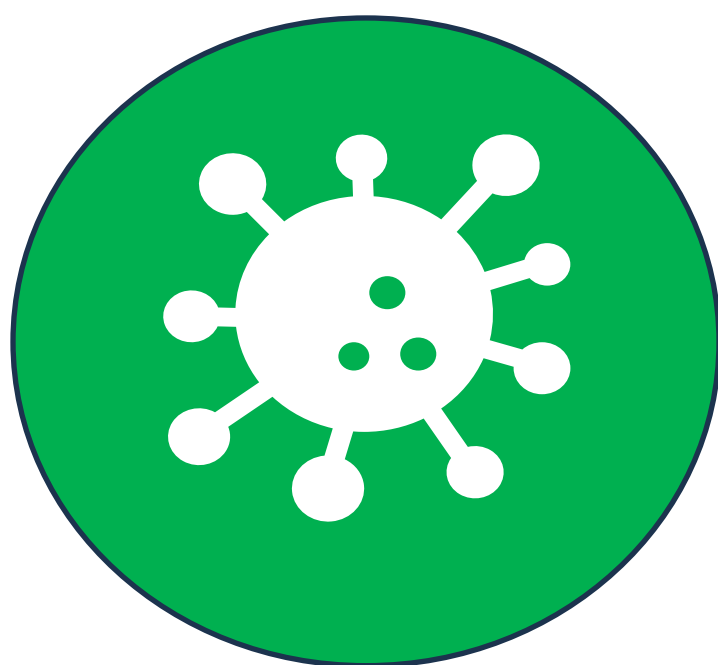
X

in

In Vitro Assessment of Microbial Barrier Properties of Cyanoacrylate Tissue Adhesives and Pressure-Sensitive Adhesives

Authors: Stephen C. Waller✉, David W. Anderson, Bart J. Kane, and Lisa A. Clough | [AUTHORS INFO & AFFILIATIONS](#)

Publication: Surgical Infections • <https://doi.org/10.1089/sur.2018.280>



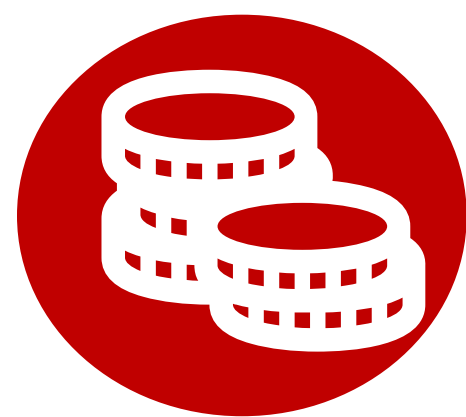
> 8 log microbe reduction & Immobilizes microbes

Immobilization is against gram positive, gram negative bacteria as well clinically relevant bacteria and yeast including strains resistant to antibiotics.

Novel Peripheral Intravenous Catheter Securement for Children and Catheter Failure Reduction

A Randomized Clinical Trial

Brooke Charters, BN; Kelly Foster, MN; Benjamin Lawton, MBBS; Leonard Lee, MN; Joshua Byrnes, PhD; Gabor Mihala, PhD; Corey Cassidy, MBBS (Hons); Jessica Schults, PhD; Tricia M. Kleidon, MNSci (Nurs. Prac.); Ruth McCaffery, BN; Kristy Van, MN; Vanessa Funk, BN; Amanda Ullman, PhD



€17 cost reduction (€210 to €193)

- Overall failure rate reduced by 65%.
- Significantly lower cost with TA (like SecurePortIV)
- Mirror those of other RCTs.
- Suggest that SPIV reduces unintentional dislodgement and may reduce the ability for infection or phlebitis development.

Table 3. Cost Outcomes Per Participant

Category	Standard care	ISD	ISD and TA
Original insertion, dressing changes, and failure ^a			
Overall cost			
Median (IQR), A\$	341 (297-592)	303 (294-465)	312 (302-380)
Mean (SD), A\$	429 (157)	385 (134)	371 (126)

Abbreviations: A\$, Australian dollar [A\$1 is equal to \$0.65 US dollars]; ISD, integrated securement device; NA, not applicable; TA, tissue adhesive.



Contents lists available at ScienceDirect

Journal of Infection and Public Health

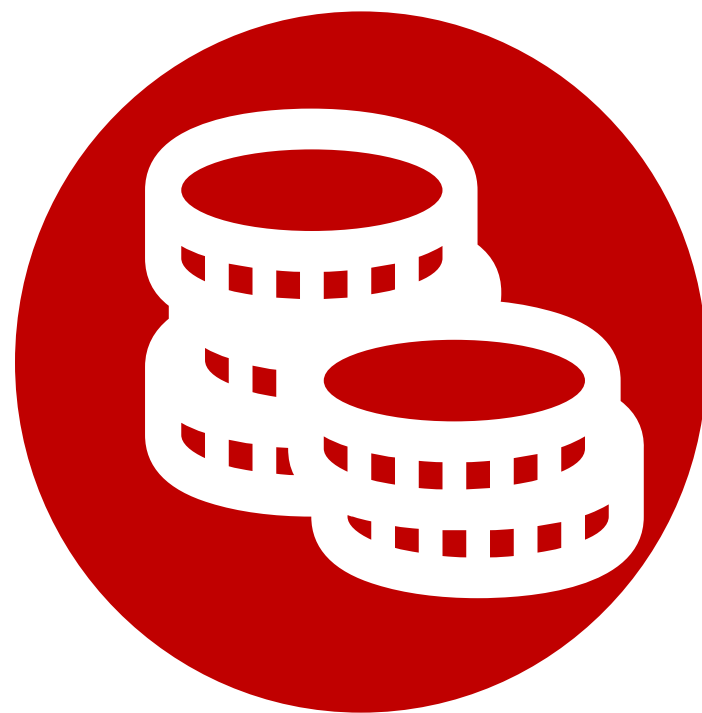
journal homepage: <http://www.elsevier.com/locate/jiph>

1 CLABSI period €13,727

Attributable length of stay and cost for pediatric and neonatal central line-associated bloodstream infections in Greece

Sofia Karagiannidou^{a,*}, Theoklis Zaoutis^{a,b}, Nikolaos Maniadakis^c,
Vassiliki Papaevangelou^d, Georgia Kourlaba^a

Infection Control & Hospital Epidemiology (2023), **44**, 1920–1926
doi:[10.1017/ice.2023.132](https://doi.org/10.1017/ice.2023.132)



Original Article

Characteristics, costs, and outcomes associated with central-line-associated bloodstream infection and hospital-onset bacteremia and fungemia in US hospitals **1 CLABSI period \$32,759**

Kalvin C. Yu MD , Molly Jung PhD and ChinEn Ai MPH

Becton, Dickinson and Company, Franklin Lakes, New Jersey

Current used standards and published protocols

Cyanoacrylate adhesive, is also increasingly recognized in current standards and guidelines, it is advocated for its efficacy in securing vascular access devices, reducing infections, and minimizing the need for frequent dressing changes.



National
Association of
Neonatal
Nurses

NICE National Institute for
Health and Care Excellence

WoC**O**VA

Standards of Care for Peripheral Intravenous Catheters: Evidence-Based Expert Consensus

Highlights

- The United States purchases an estimated 350 million PIVCs annually.
- PIVC insertion is the most frequently performed invasive procedure in healthcare.
- There is multidisciplinary and multi-organizational collaboration.
- PIVC insertion and maintenance is underappreciated in U.S. healthcare.
- There is a fundamental lack of awareness regarding associated risks.
- Patients knowingly and unknowingly accept substandard care.

Clinicians secure the PIVC and apply a sterile dressing upon successful PIVC insertion and with routine dressing changes to avoid accidental dislodgement.^{10,13,15,18,47–52}

Clinicians inserting and managing PIVCs should implement a post-insertion care bundle and use techniques and devices that afford enhanced catheter stabilization and securement.

- Clinicians should consider the use of tissue adhesive and skin barrier film to improve dressing adherence and prevent dressing disruption and device dislodgement.^{10,53,54}
- Consider patient preferences for adhesives and skin barrier (expert panel consensus).

Healthcare organizations develop policies and procedures regarding the use of tissue adhesives, skin barrier films, and securement devices to minimize dressing disruption, catheter movement, and accidental dislodgement.¹⁰

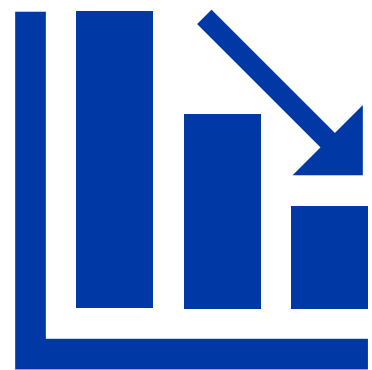
Correspondence regarding this article should be addressed to jthompson@avainfo.org
<https://doi.org/10.2309/JAVA-D-24-00011>
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SECUREMENT + PROTECTION

TOP

3

**Therapy failure
& Infections**



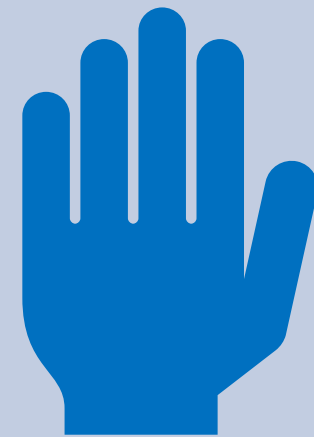
In dwell time



* Pettit 2002 / 2003

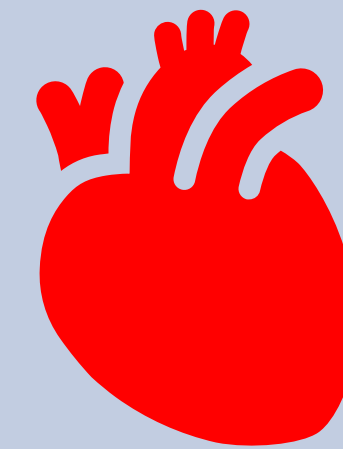
* van Rens 2022

PERIPHERAL VENOUS ACCESS



1. Infiltration / Extravasation
2. Leaking
3. Phlebitis

CENTRAL VENOUS ACCESS



1. Occlusion
2. CLABSI (suspicion)
3. Phlebitis



**How to
remove?**



How to remove!



OPEN ACCESS

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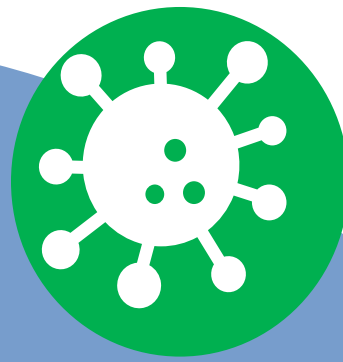
Safe and effective removal of cyanoacrylate vascular access catheter securement adhesive in neonates

Kevin Hugill^{1†} , Matheus F. P. T. van Rens^{2*†} , Angela Alderman³,
Lori Kaczmarek⁴ , Carolyn Lund^{5,6} and Amy Paradis⁷



Cyanoacrylate Catheter Securement Adhesive Multiple Benefits

Targets multiple vascular access challenges that result in massive infection reduction and cost savings



> 8 logs microbe reduction and immobilizes microbes



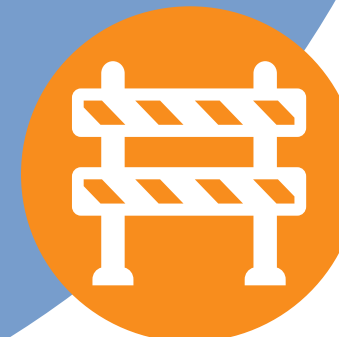
Reduced infections and re-bleeding



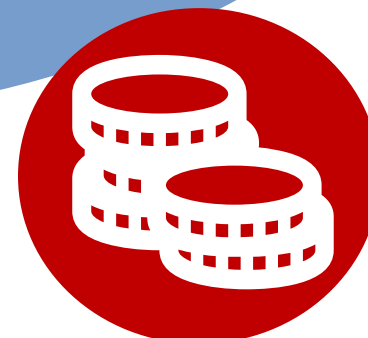
Dressing securement



Less frequent dressing changes



Stop bleeding and oozing



Cost effective

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Thank you QUESTIONS

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